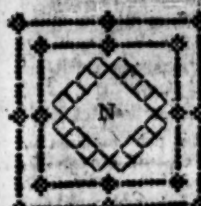


MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1773.

HAMBURG, July 17



NOTWITHSTANDING the secrecy that is observed by all the courts of Europe, and their utmost endeavours to conceal their designs from each other, as well as from the publick in general, it is impossible for them to keep their affairs from being seen through; for every one may judge, from the present situation of affairs and the preparations and movements that are making, there must be something more in agitation than the war between the Russians and Turks; and that all these transactions must soon be cleared up, as matters seem to be drawing to a crisis.

The grand alliance, offensive and defensive, concluded between the emperor of Germany, the empress of Russia, and the king of Prussia (the particulars of which no one knows) must have far greater designs than the division of Poland and to support Russia against the Porte. The division of Poland has already taken place, has been agreed to, and signed by the Polish diet; so that it seems to be almost entirely settled. Russia succeeds in war against the Turks, and does not stand in need of any assistance from foreign armies; and yet Prussia ever since that treaty was concluded, has been making the greatest preparations for war, by forming magazines in every corner, taking foreign troops into his service, and is daily augmenting his army in Poland. The emperor of Germany is likewise making preparations, and though he has at present an army of near 150,000 men in the field, is raising recruits daily, and is himself at the head of a powerful army on the Turkish frontiers, without any one pretending to know what he designs, or when he intends to return to court.

The Danish fleet, which was recalled three months ago, has received orders to sail into the Baltic again; several new ships are building, and the old ones are repairing with the utmost expedition. The report still prevails, that the whole Danish fleet is to join with that of Russia.

The intimacy between the courts of Versailles and Stockholm becomes greater every day, and couriers between them are now more frequent than ever; and of late all the warlike preparations are renewed in Sweden; and are now carrying on with the greatest expedition.

WARSAW, July 22. The following particulars are related concerning a late attempt against the king's life. As the king was returning a few days ago from Grybow, a seat belonging to the countess Ogynski, the lady of the great general of Lithuania, the Sieur Dobel, his majesty's master of the horse, came up to the king, and told him he thought he had better take another route, having some reason to suspect, from words which he had overheard, that the way he was in was not perfectly safe. The king thought proper to pay some regard to the advice he received, and went another way to his palace. Upwards of forty persons are already taken up for being concerned against the king's life.

LONDON,

July 26. We hear from Kirkwall, in Scotland, that a whale of an enormous bulk was lately stranded there, and on being cut up, the skeleton of a man was found in his stomach; the bones were soft like wax, and yielded to the slightest impression.

July 29. It is reported, that governor Hutchinson is shortly expected here from America; and that Thomas Pownall, Esq; member for Tregony, will be re-appointed governor of the province of Massachusetts-Bay in New-England.

July 31. They write from Cadiz, that the Spaniards are extremely busy in transporting ammunition, and all kinds of warlike stores to their settlements in America; fifteen hundred muskets, with the like number of swords, and one thousand five hundred quintals of powder, were lately sent to Carthagea by the Castile ship of war; a number of pistols are also expected at Cadiz, destined likewise for their American colonies.

The prince Stadtholder has declared his power shall not be used to injure the liberty of the press. Any licentiousness complained of by the court of Versailles cannot be more aggravating than the terms made use of to demand redress.

Aug. 3. It is now really talked of at St. James's, that the ministry have voluntarily agreed to continue in their several stations, and each to conduct his respective business as usual, without receiving any salary, till such time as they have brought the national debt within very small compass; (their salaries being intended to be appropriated to that use.) This will be serving their king and country, and also transmit their names with honour to posterity. An unpensioned subject will always give his prince the wisest counsel, and continue the most faithful to him. It is the true interest of his majesty to have such about him, as will not flatter for the sake of his money.

The greatest danger that can happen to a prince will arise from such of his own servants as, from their own corrupt principles, would sell him and his counsels to the common enemy.

They write from Berlin, that the king of Prussia lately gave, with his own hands, a gold medal, value fifty ducats, to a young woman, who presented to his majesty nine male children born in lawful wedlock, the joint lives of herself and husband, not exceeding 46 years.

They write from Amsterdam, that very large orders are now lying in Holland to ship naval stores for the use of the French marine at Brest, Rochford and Toulon.

The parliament will, upon its first meeting, proceed to consider the India bill, which, in its present state, cannot by any means answer the purposes for which it was passed, viz: the establishing a perfect system of judicature in that country. Till the amendments take place, the judges already appointed will not leave England.

August 4. A correspondent remarks, that the declaration of a great personage, "that no more pensions shall be granted on the Irish establishment, without the approbation of the privy council," is very incomplete. The free and previous consent of the Irish parliament would probably have a better effect, in preventing the too liberal application of that fund of corruption; and though many very respectable individuals may appear in a list of our privy council, neither the constitution of our country, nor the experience of our fathers, teaches us to form any reliance on their virtue, or dependance on their deliberations, as a security against the improper application of the publick money.

A correspondent, who declares himself entirely unknown to the honourable gentleman, he has in view, observes, that while administration are deliberating upon proper persons to conciliate the Americans, and calm the unhappy commotions which have been artfully excited in our colonies, they ought not to forget the gentleman who has always and ably delivered himself in an august assembly on American affairs, and has written so ingeniously on the administration of the colonies, and precisely foretold the present crisis.

They write from Berlin, that his Prussian majesty is making proper arrangements in order to put the Asiatic company on a very firm and permanent basis.

We hear that one single casket of diamonds, the property of a military officer in the East India company's service, has lately been sent home, valued at 60,000 sterling.

Considerable bets are depending that the lord lieutenant of a neighbouring kingdom will be superseded in his government before the month of December next.

By an authentic letter from Stockholm we learn, that his Swedish majesty is now increasing his army, which used to consist of 43,000 men, to the number of 74,000.

August 9. Private letters from Paris say, that the king of France's health daily declines, and that it is the opinion of his physicians, that he cannot live long, and therefore they have advised his majesty to retire for a time to Fontainebleau, to have the benefit of the air.

In order to strengthen the good understanding between their Britannic and Catholic Majesties, a scheme is on foot, according to which, Great-Britain is to give up Falkland's Islands, in consideration of an equivalent being given to her in the West Indies. If this scheme takes effect, it is said, the limits of the navigation of the American seas will be regulated, that disputes for the future, will be in a great measure prevented.

On Thursday there was a full council at St. James's which sat very late; it was said to be solely on account of some important dispatches received from our minister at the court of Portugal; wherein he complains that, in spite of the remonstrances he has lately made, the British factory there is still oppressed, if not further cramped than before, in regard to trade; and at the same time desired to be recalled.

August 6. By a gentleman just returned from Lisbon, we are informed, that the attempts made on his most faithful majesty by a priest, was at the instigation of the Jesuits, who had deputed three to Portugal for that horrid purpose, who on the design being known, made their escape in a Beau Cod (a vessel so called) and got on board a Dutch dogger, about three leagues from the rock of Lisbon.

It is reported that a certain Nabob, who acquired an immense fortune in the East Indies, intends to remit one hundred thousand pounds to be distributed among the poor distressed natives of the place where he acquired it.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, July 20.

"By a French ship arrived here from the Archipelago, we are informed, that all the Greeks in the Morea have publicly and absolutely declared themselves subjects to the empress of Russia, in consequence of which count Orlov has landed a number of soldiers

from his fleet, and taken possession of most of the principle towns and fortresses in the name of her imperial majesty."

August 7. Some letters by the last post from Holland advise, that a fleet was fitting out at Brest with great secrecy and expedition, the object of which was not publicly known.

It is reported that the post of secretary of state for Scotland, which has lain dormant near forty years, will soon be revived.—The late marquis of Tweeddale was the last secretary.

It is said that three of the men of war now fitting out for sea at Portsmouth, are destined for North America, and are to be ready for sailing the beginning of next month.

August 10. It is said, that in consequence of the ungrateful behaviour of the court of Portugal, in imprisoning British merchants, and giving every possible discouragement to the trade carried on between the two nations; for remedying whereof many humble memorials have been presented to the king and council of commerce; all connection will be broken off, and an answer demanded by an English admiral; and that he only waits for the return of Mr. Walpole, who is expected in England in a few days.

August 11. They write from Copenhagen, that his Danish majesty has concluded a treaty with Russia, wherein he stipulates, in consideration of a subsidy of 60,000 Rubles per ann. to keep on foot for three years, 5000 foot and 2000 horse, to be employed as that court shall direct.

We hear a scheme is on foot for every province in North-America to furnish a sufficient number of guard-ships for the defence of the colonies, and to be manned and victualled at their separate expense.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated July 29.

"The king's physicians have at last given it as their opinion, that his majesty is past recovery; his increasing illness, joined to his years, making it almost beyond a possibility that he should long survive; and as his death will cause a great alteration in the system of politics in this country, it is much to be feared some commotions will succeed thereon.

NEW-YORK, September 24.

On Friday the 17th instant, at Morris-Town, in East New-Jersey, was executed, David Reynolds, a native of Ireland, about 32 year of age, for counterfeiting the money bills of credit of that colony. He arrived there about ten years ago, and chiefly followed the farming business, till getting acquainted with one Rosencranz (executed some time ago for the like crime, but without declaring his accomplices) he was by him led into the scheme of making and passing counterfeit money; after the execution of Rosencranz, Reynolds accidentally met with Capt. Richardson of Philadelphia, (who is fled) and getting acquainted with each others characters, was by him introduced to Ford, Haynes, Cooper, Budd, King, and the rest of the gang. Ford, the principal, termed by the rest, the treasurer of the three provinces, had counterfeited the money bills of New-York, New-Jersey, and Pennsylvania, in so masterly a manner as not to be distinguished from the true bills without the nicest inspection, and also several of the gold and silver coins current in the British colonies; and in passing these, Reynolds and the rest of the accomplices continued, till Ford and King were apprehended and imprisoned in Morris county goal, from whence they soon after made their escape, as mentioned in the papers. One of the gang being convicted of aiding them in their escape and other high misdemeanors, to mitigate his punishment, made some confessions tending to the discovery of the rest, which alarmed another, who made an ample confession of the whole, in consequence of which, Reynolds, Haynes, Cooper, and Budd, were tried, confessed their guilt, and were condemned to be hanged. Their execution was ordered to be on the 17th inst. before the time Budd and Haynes were respited for a month, but Reynolds and Cooper were ordered to prepare for execution at the time appointed. A few minutes before the time, Cooper confessed himself privy to the robbery of the treasury at Amboy, and that he received three hundred pounds of the money; on which he also was respited till he should make further discoveries. Reynolds was therefore ordered for execution alone, at which he seemed much affected and burst into tears, but thro' the assistance of a minister who attended him, he grew calm, and resigned to his fate. His behaviour during his confinement and after his sentence, was penitent and submissive; he shewed a proper sensibility of his unhappy situation, and earnestly exhorted his companions in guilt, to a sincere repentance. On the fatal day, he took an affecting leave of them; and they all discovered the most lively expressions of that distress to which their crimes and follies had reduced them, which drew tears from the eyes of the spectators. At the place of execution, Reynolds sung and prayed very earnestly, and in a short but pathetic speech, warned the people to avoid the vices that had undone him, and earnestly requested them not to reflect on his innocent wife and helpless infants.

Cooper confessed that he was privy to the robbery of the treasury at Amboy, and received 3000l. of the money, that it was concerted by Ford and perpetrated by him and three foldiers then quartered there; that the plan was, first to attempt to carry off the iron chest, if that failed, next to take the key from Mr. Skinner's bed room, and to kill him or any person who should discover them; and that if afterwards any of them should be suspected and convicted, they were to turn king's evidence and accuse Mr. Skinner as being the only accomplice with them. When some of them were shocked at this proposal, as thereby an innocent person might lose his life; Ford replied, *no, damn him, he will only be 'contemned, he has friends enough to save him from the gallows.* That after breaking into the treasurer's office adjoining to his bed-room, they attempted to carry off the chest, but finding it difficult, set it down again, and breaking open a desk in the room, in hopes to find money, they therein found an old key to the money chest, which was rusty and thought unfit for use (the key then used being in Mr. Skinner's bed-room) with this old key, they opened the iron chest, and thereby the lives that would have been exposed by their search for the other key, were probably preserved. The governor and council of New-Jersey, are to meet in a few days, when further particulars relating to this matter will be known.

ANNAPOLIS, October 14.

A sufficient number of members not coming to town to compose the lower house on Monday last, the governor prorogued the general assembly, from day to day, until yesterday, when his excellency opened the session with the following speech:

Gentlemen of the upper and lower houses of assembly,

PRESUMING this to be a season convenient for a longer session than the last, I shall recommend to your consideration, sundry matters that appear to me necessary, and likely to be conducive to the general welfare.

In a former session I recommended joining with our sister colony of Virginia in the erection and support of a light-house on Cape Henry, and you seemed convinced of the necessity and utility thereof: it is my duty now to inform you, that two acts of assembly have been passed there, to carry this very important object into execution; copies of these acts, and the proceedings subsequent thereto, shall be laid before you.

Permit me to recommend to your reflections, the extensive utility which cannot fail to flow from an establishment in this province of a regular seminary for our youth, liberally instituted and supported, and to express my warmest wishes that it may engage your peculiar attention.

The frequent vexatious and expensive law-suits concerning the boundaries of land, occasioned by the variation of the compass, have been already severely felt, and unless some remedy be applied, must increase; wherefore I hope you will maturely consider the nature and degree of this mischief, and put an effectual stop to it by prudent provisions.

The state and condition of our public roads, the defects of the present laws for keeping them in repair, and the general advantage which will result from opening a communication between our merchants and distant settlers, deserve your attention. And I have experienced so much inconvenience from the want of a precise rule by which the extent and proper application of the penal statutes of England may be sufficiently ascertained, that I must again earnestly recommend this topic to your consideration.

It will give me great pleasure to co-operate with you in ordaining such laws as may be conducive to the welfare of this province, as well in respect of the subjects I have taken the liberty to mention, as of any other that may occur.

On Saturday last Samuel Chase, Esq; was chosen an alderman of this city, and Matthias Hammond, Esq; one of the common council, in the room of Mr. Chase,

TO THE PRINTERS.

Prince-George's county.
THERE are a few visionary political enthusiasts who assemble for the worst purposes, that of supporting the conduct of the present men in power, which is so universally and justly held in the utmost detestation by every lover of his country—and traducing such gentlemen whose virtues rendered them obnoxious, and whose spirited opposition frustrated the selfish and arbitrary views of a most despicable administration. No man of the least share of decency can behold the scurrilous invectives thrown out in the papers upon the most fair characters, but his breast must be filled with indignation. Whatever may be the conduct of these gentlemen in opposition, certainly they cannot merit such showers of abuse. incessantly do these tools of government thunder out their trumpet of malevolence and detraction, but few men repair to their standard—none but those who show their teeth for a dinner—Men acting under the pious principles of general justice, and whose characters will brave the day, can have nothing to dread from anonymous strictures—the venom'd arrow aim'd at the honest heart will ever recoil—But poor creatures, what have they done? their officious misrepresentations led *Antion* into a justification of a measure, which involved the province in flames, and thereby incurred the just censures of his countrymen. I mean the late ever to be detested proclamation; a most daring and impudent attempt to destroy the freedom of our constitution; and which will to all free generations render the *assessor* of it odious. How unfortunate is *Antion*, that these creatures should be his accusers!—their performances prove this—execrable miscreants!—if any could open the eyes of this unhappy, selfish

and tyrannical minister, it was black ingratitude in these infamous scribblers. The *Independent Freeman*, in gentle fort, held forth the dictates of truth and liberty to one of these sycophantick genius's, but he owl-like turned his face away from the light, and screamed diabolically at the kind hand that would lead him out of his midnight ignorance. If they were not totally destitute of every particle of feeling, they would blush for the disgraceful situation of their benefactor, and be silent.

Mr. Printer, I shall ever think it repugnant to the principles of honour to attack the *private* character of any person, but an author may fairly use what signature he pleases when he addresses the *publick* for the good of the publick; but not for the base ends, these shifting gentry aim at; who have assumed more forms and shapes than ever were ascribed to *Proteus*; and tried every species of deception to promote their wicked views. It has been observed, that as *hunger* is a sensation that cannot long be endured, these poor wretches, who depend entirely upon government for their sustenance, are in some degree excusable for supporting the measures of those who give them *Bread*. But can any one account for the strange infatuation of some independent people in defending the wickedness of an arbitrary administration, at the expense of their own and fellow countrymen's freedom; and traducing and trying to ridicule the noble and disinterested characters who make so glorious a stand in the amiable cause of liberty! If any cause can be assigned for this mean acquiescence with the unjustifiable measures of government, I think it must be vanity, the courtiers and their creatures having propagated a doctrine which exercises that passion in their favour. They expatiate in all companies on the folly of modern patriotism, and set it forth as *very low*, *very low*. The word "*low*" is to them highly serviceable, as it draws *some* into the ministerial net by the thread of their vanity; for they had rather give up their senses and the cause of freedom, than be thought *low*. Upon the whole, I shall conclude with observing, that if it be *low* to resent arbitrary and illegal proceedings, and infringements of the constitution, they were *low* people who brought about the revolution so much revered.

A CUSTOMER.

October 14, 1773.

By the committee of grievances and courts of justice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the committee will attend every day, during this session, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the assembly room, in order to hear such matters as may come properly before them.

Signed by order of the committee,
JOHN COURTS JONES, Clk.

Benedict Town, October 11, 1773.

I HAVE received letters from the creditors of Mess. Perkins and Brown, of London, merchants, co-partners with Thomas Buchanan, of this province, merchant, who have taken out a commission of bankruptcy against them, bearing date the 4th of August last, by which I am desired to give publick and immediate notice, to all persons indebted to the said Perkins, Buchanan and Brown, not to pay any of their debts, to any person or persons whatever, without the order in writing, of the assignees duly chosen under the said commission, or their attorney, authorised for that purpose, of which due notice will be given; and for the further satisfaction of those who may be herein interested, I have inserted an extract of part of the said letter underneath. And it is hoped that those who have claims, in this country, against the said late co-partnership, will not take any steps, for the recovery thereof, which may unnecessarily create an expence that can otherwise be avoided.

JAMES FORBES.

Mr. JAMES FORBES,

SIR, London, August 4, 1773.
THIS possibly may not be the first information you may have had of the situation of the house of Mess. Perkins, Buchanan and Brown, nor have we now time to acquaint you with the whole state of their affairs, the packet being to be made up in a few hours; let it suffice that many of the creditors resolved upon and have actually taken out a commission of bankrupt against Perkins and Brown, and make choice of you for their attorney in so important a concern as we are certain this will prove, and they most earnestly solicit your acceptance thereof, and by the next opportunity, you will be more powerfully arm'd and authorised by the assignees under the commission to execute this business: we here are of opinion and conclude that the accompanying notice be inserted in your news papers, and we are also advised it will be necessary to give the same notice to all the debtors mentioned in the inclosed list, and all debtors with whom your knowledge or information may furnish you. Mess. Barlow and Co. have got possession of the books, which prevented our sending you a particular list, but we have great reason to believe that their assignment will be set aside, not being duly executed by all the partners.

We understand there are also other extraordinary assignments given by Mr. Brown, with which we apprehend no person will be safe in complying, as the validity of them will be also contested under the commission of bankrupt which we have taken out against Perkins and Brown, as partners with Buchanan.

We are your's, &c.

Signed by JOHN & THOMAS HARDY,
JAMES & CLARKE,
PERKINS & RUSSELL,
JOHN PLATT,
MAUDUIT WRIGHT, & Co.
DARBY & MORGAN.

TO BE SOLD AT PRIME COST,

A NEAT eight day clock with a fine mahogany case, to be seen at Mr. Aikman's store any time of the day.

MARYLAND, &c.
By his excellency ROBERT EDEN, Esq; Lieutenant-general and chief governor in and over the province of Maryland.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the right honorable the Earl of Dartmouth, one of his Majesty's principal secretaries of state, hath transmitted to me the following acts of parliament, viz. "An act for allowing the importation of wheat, wheat flour, Indian corn, Indian meal, biscuit, peas, beans, &c. &c. &c. and all other sorts of pulse, from his Majesty's colonies in America, into this kingdom for a limited time, free of duty." "An act to continue for a further time an act made in the eighth year of his present Majesty's reign, entitled, an act to continue and amend an act made in the fifth year of the reign of his present Majesty, entitled, an act for importation of salted beef, pork, bacon, and butter, from Ireland, for a limited time, and for allowing the importation of salted beef, pork, bacon, and butter, from the British dominions in America, for a limited time." "An act for allowing the free importation of rice into this kingdom from any of his Majesty's colonies in America for a limited time, and for encouraging the making of starch from rice." "An act for further continuing two acts made in the sixth and ninth years of his Majesty's reign for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters in his Majesty's dominions in America." And "an act to explain and amend an act made in the fourth year of his present Majesty, entitled, an act to prevent paper bills of credit hereafter to be issued in any of his Majesty's colonies or plantations in America, from being declared to be a legal tender in payments of money, and to prevent the legal tender of such bills as are now subsisting from being prolonged beyond the periods limited for calling in and sinking the same." And whereas I have judged it expedient to notify the same here, I do therefore by and with the advice and consent of the lord proprietors' council of state, direct and require the sheriff of the city of Annapolis, to publish, in the usual manner, this my proclamation, that all his Majesty's subjects within this province may take notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly, as he will answer the contrary at his peril. Given at the city of Annapolis, this eleventh day of October, in the third year of the dominion of the right honourable HENRY HARRISON, Esquire, anno domini 1773.

Signed by order, } ROBERT EDEN.
U. SCOTT, Cl. Con. }

TO BE LET.

THE house and out houses lately the Rev. Mr. Neill's, on Wye river, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, together with a large garden, and two grass lots in front, between the house and the river. The house is well built, of good brick, 35 feet square, two stories, four rooms on each floor, with a commodious garret. A brick kitchen, 21 by 25, five rooms below, three above, very conveniently laid out for several useful purposes, three fireplaces below, and one above. A negro house, poultry house, stable, chaise house, and corn house. There are two orchards of very fine fruit, of which the tenant may have abundantly sufficient for every use for his family. The situation is high, dry, healthy and very beautiful, being in full view of all the shipping trading in the river, and several fine seats. It has the advantages of very good fishing, fowling, and fine oysters; in a good neighbourhood, about seven miles below the road from Philadelphia to Annapolis. A family at this place may either be quite retired, or enjoy the company of an agreeable set of acquaintance.

It should seem to be particularly suitable to a gentleman of either of the genteel professions, who has a family.

Apply to the subscriber at his dwelling house near and in full view of the above.

E. TILGHMAN.
N. B. A very fine cellar under the whole in three divisions, very well contrived.

Anne-Arundel county, October 11, 1773.

To be sold at publick vendue, the 25th inst. at the late dwelling house of William Reed, deceased, for ready money.

A PARCEL of healthy country born slaves, some stock, and household furniture, &c. by

ELEANOR REED, executrix.
The abovementioned stock and household furniture was advertised to have been sold the 20th of July last, but was put off on account of a dispute that arose among the children of the deceased about their respective claims, but will positively be sold on the day above-mentioned.

E. K.

Baltimore, October 8, 1773.

WAS lost from the schooner Elizabeth, Sixte Chameau master, on September 30th last, in the middle of the bay opposite Sharpe's Island, a new moses built boat, about two tons burthen, her bottom is payed with turpentine and red ochre, her stern painted red and yellow, and the sides or gunnels all yellow. As the wind was about NNE it is apprehended she would be drove on shore somewhere between the mouths of Patuxent and Patowmack. Whoever finds this boat, and will either send her up here or give notice to me, shall be properly rewarded.

HENRY THOMPSON

Annapolis, October 13, 1773.

WHEREAS some evil minded person or persons did, on the night of the 14th instant, in the governor's pasture, within this city, barbarously cut and abuse the subscriber's horse in a most villainous manner, so as to render him unserviceable, any person who will make known the villain so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive ten pounds reward from

JOHN CAMPBELL LINDSEY

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the PRINTING OFFICE,
[Price 1 shilling and 6 pence each]

THE
LAWS, VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS,
Of the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

BY AUTHORITY.
MR. WALL, COMEDIAN;
On Friday evening, October 15, 1773.

WILL PRESENT;
AT THE THEATRE,
A NEW LECTURE.

Performed with great applause to a very polite and
judicious audience at New-York, and likewise at
Philadelphia: written by the author of the much
admired LECTURE ON HEADS. The paintings,
&c. are entirely new, and never before exhibited
in ANNAPOLIS.

S Y L L A B U S.

INTRODUCTION—physical imitation—mo-
dern book building—buff of Sir Dimple Daisy
—a broad grinner—sheep's tail macaroni
thick stock ditto—turn down collar—master
Jackey—Diana the huntress—a finical—a
blood after he has kept it up—a modern connois-
seur—a reasoner—election picture—origin of
money—the centre of friendship—head of some-
body—and the whole system of modern English
politics displayed in the various heads of a busybody;
anybody, somebody, nobody, and everybody.

SECOND PART.
Ladies heads in high taste—mens hats—ma-
caroni thanet—corded thanet—broad band—
court hat—a fan-tail—ladies morning head
dresses—head of a jew conjurer—ancient con-
jurer—dexterity of hand.

THIRD PART.
Ladies high head dresses—artificial candlelight
face, and the appearance of the same face next mor-
ning—the grand secret of attraction—two por-
traits of the same lady in a good and ill humour—
courtship and matrimony—matrimonial vis-a-vis
—the laws considered, cast, Bullum verus Botum
—compleat macaroni—conclusion.

Tickets to be had of MR. WALL at Mr. PHILIP
MERONEY's, of Mr. REYNOLDS, and at the COY-
VEE-HOUSE. Boxes Five Shillings—Pit 3/6.

To begin at Six o'Clock.
Lower Marlborough, Sept. 27, 1773.
On Friday the 29th of October next will be exposed
to publick sale,

PART of a tract of land called Chew's Desire, re-
markably good, with timber and fire wood e-
nough to support the plantation for many years; and
a meadow already cleared. Also a lot, the most a-
greeable prospect Lower Marlborough affords, with
all conveniencies for house or kitchen. Likewise 12
head of fine cattle.

PHILEMON YOUNG.

FOUND under a table at the subscriber's house,
some time in the provincial court, a small par-
cel of paper money. Any one that claims it may
have it, on proving his property and paying the
charges of this advertisement.

ELEANOR WILLIAMSON.

Piscataway, September 23, 1773.
THE subscriber has just imported about £. 400
sterling cost of goods, consisting of green
hams, sheetings, Irish linen, rugs, Welsh and Ken-
dal cotton, and several other articles, which he will
sell for ready cash or short credit on reasonable terms.

ALEX. HAMILTON

IMPORTED last spring, in the Annapolis, Capt.
R. Thomas Eden, a bale of merchandize marked
G. No. 4, which I imagine is landed either on
the Eastern shore or at Annapolis, and for want of
knowing the owner is not yet come to hand. This
is to request those in whose care it may be to give
speedy notice thereof to the subscriber, on Patuxent
near Pig Point.

RICHARD GREEN.

West River, Sept. 27, 1773.
THE subscriber gives this publick notice, that
he has a good new boat, 28 feet keel and 12
feet beam, to cross the bay with passengers, their
carriages and horses, into Talbot county, Kent
Island, or Dorset, or to any part of the head of the
Bay. As I the subscriber have kept ferry for these
20 years and upwards, and have given general satis-
faction, I hope it will encourage gentlemen, &c. to
continue their favours. Pasturage and lodging gra-
tis. There is another good boat kept by William
Webb Hadaway, in Talbot county, Bay side, to
carry passengers, their carriages and horses, to West
River, or any part of the Bay.

SELE TUCKER

September 27, 1773.
STRAYED or stolen from Mr. Hesselius's on the
19th instant, a bright bay gelding, 14 hands
high, branded on the near buttock I. D. trots and
gallops, has a hanging mane and switch tail. Who-
ever brings the said gelding to Mr. Reynolds in An-
napolis shall receive two dollars reward, paid by

WILLIAM WILKINSON.

JOHN M'GINNIS,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Lately arrived from EUROPE,
TAKES this method of acquainting the
ladies and gentlemen, and the inhabi-
tants in general of this part of British Ame-
rica, that he performs the different opera-
tions on the teeth and gums, and prepares his
inimitable tincture; which in ten days cures
the scurvy in the gums, be it ever so inveterate
or long standing, it takes away that nauseous
complaint called a stinking breath, which ge-
nerally proceeds from decayed teeth, scorbu-
tic gums, or neglecting to keep them clean;
it beautifies the teeth, let them be ever so
black, cleansing them from those sandy tar-
tarous particles that adhere to them, which
occasion rottenness, and bring on frequent
tooth-aches; a few times using will show the
excellency of this dentifrice, more than if a
volume was wrote in its praise. He like-
wise prepares a powder which polishes the
teeth, giving to them and preserving the most
beautiful enamel. What can be more useful
or ornamental (especially to the fair sex) than
a set of regular and beautifully polished teeth,
embraced by sound and healthy gums?

As he makes but a short stay in these parts,
he recommends to the publick to make speedy
application.

His tincture and powder is sold at the small
price of 6s. with printed directions; and if
any person use this tincture above three or
four times, without perceiving a visible and
satisfactory prospect of being soon cured, they
shall have their money returned on applica-
tion.

Any person troubled with the tooth-ach or
head-ach will in a few minutes be relieved.

Ladies and gentlemen who labour under a-
ny of these disorders, and are pleased to fa-
vour him with their commands, will be at-
tended on the shortest notice.

The poor, tormented with the tooth-ach,
cured gratis.

N. B. Orders will be received by Mr. M'Gin-
nis, at the house of Mr. John Brewer on Corn-
hill-street, where he now lodges, and will give
due attendance from 8 o'clock in the morning to
6 in the afternoon. His stay in this city will
be only till the 10th of November.

Large allowance to those who buy to sell again.

TAKEN up by Richard Johns, at West River,
a black horse, about 14 hands high, branded
on the near buttock S, has a switch tail and mane.
The owner may have him on proving property and
paying charges.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Charles
county, a servant boy called Hooper Bennett,
about 19 years of age, slender make, about 5 feet
3 inches high, light coloured hair, which he gene-
rally wears in a slovenly manner, pale fallow com-
plexion, speaks quick; and is by trade a barber and
hair dresser: had on when he went away a brown
short skirted coat, red waistcoat, and olive coloured
velvet breeches, though it is supposed he may have
now changed his dress. He has the appearance of
a country born boy, and therefore will not be re-
adily taken for a runaway. He has been gone above
four months, and was seen last July at Leonard's-
creek in Calvert county, and it is supposed he is
now either in that or St. Mary's county. Whoever
brings said servant to the subscriber, or secures him
in a jail, so that the owner may have him again,
shall receive forty shillings, paid by

RICHARD LEE

WHEREAS the subscriber has obtained patents
for near six thousand acres of land, thirteen
hundred of which upon the banks of the Ohio; be-
ginning at the second large bottom below the mouth
of the little Kanhawa, and four thousand two hun-
dred above two miles above Col. George Washing-
ton's ten thousand acre tract upon the banks of the
great Kanhawa; he proposes to divide the same into
suitable tenements as may be desired, and lease them
upon moderate terms, allowing a reasonable num-
ber of years rent free, provided within the space of
two years from the last of October next; three acres
for every fifty contained in each lot, and proportion-
ably for a lesser quantity shall be cleared, fenced,
and tilled; and that by or before the commencement
of the first rent, five acres for every hundred, and
proportionably as above shall be enclosed and laid
down in good grass for meadow, and that at least
fifty good fruit trees shall be planted on the pre-
mises. Any person inclinable to settle on those
lands, may be more fully informed, by applying to
the subscriber near Port-Tobacco, and would do
well in communicating their intentions before the
first of November next, that a sufficient number of
lots may be laid off to answer the demand. The
land is well watered and very rich, abounding with
fine fish and wild fowl of various kinds.

JAMES CRAIK.

May 20, 1773.
In pursuance of a deed executed on the 18th day of
May, 1773, by Messrs. John Barnes and Thomas
How Ridgate, joint partners in trade, to us the
subscribers, in trust for the payment of their
debts in the manner in the said deed expressed,
which deed is recorded among the records of
Charles county,

NOTICE is hereby given to the country crea-
ditors of the said John Barnes and Thomas
How Ridgate, and the holders of bonds and other
specialties, and bills of exchange, actually and bona
fide executed and drawn by the said John Barnes
and Thomas How Ridgate, in the province of
Maryland, that we have appointed the twenty-first
day of February next, to meet the said creditors in
the town of Port-Tobacco in Charles county, in the
said province of Maryland, for the purpose of re-
ceiving their claims in writing against the said John
Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, joint partners in
trade as aforesaid, and releases of the persons of the
said John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate. And
that all those of the said creditors, who shall neglect
or refuse to signify their claims in writing to us or
one of us, or who shall neglect or refuse to release
and acquit the persons of the said John Barnes and
Thomas How Ridgate, in consideration of the be-
nefits and advantages the said creditors are to receive
under the said deed, on or before the said twenty-
first day of February next, will be barred and ex-
cluded from all manner of benefit and advantage
under the said deed, and the powers therein
contained, according to the purport true intent and
meaning thereof. JOHN ROGERS,
THOMAS STONE,
PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

May 20, 1773.
RAN away from the subscriber's plantation, in
Frederick county, on the head of Bennett's
creek, on the 17th inst. at night, a convict servant
man, named William Flint, about 22 years of age;
born in the west of England, a spare slim fellow, a-
bout 5 feet 8 inches high, of a swarthy complexion,
short black hair, and has lost one of his fore teeth:
he had on, and took with him, a white cotton
jacket, brown cloth ditto much worn, a pair of
leather breeches black and dirty, two white shirts;
two pair of stockings and shoes, and a new felt hat;
it's possible he may have changed his name and
apparel, as he has a sum of money with him.

Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings
him either to John Plummer, overseer on the above-
said plantation, or to the subscriber living in Anne-
Arundel county, near Elk-Ridge church, shall have
the above reward for their trouble, besides what the
law allows, paid by HENRY RIDGELY.

Charles county, July 17, 1773.
ON the 11th of October will be sold at George-
Town, a house and lot, formerly purchased by
Mess. Barnes and Ridgate from Maj. Thomas Addi-
son, as also three lots in the addition to George-
Town, and five lots in Carrollsbrough.

And on the 19th of October will also be sold on
the premises, a lot of ground near Newport in
Charles county, whereon is a large new house that
will suit either for a store or dwelling house; also
on the same day will be sold several tracts of valu-
able land lying near Newport, containing between 6
and 700 acres; formerly belonging to Mr. Robert
Horner; as also sundry lots of ground or parcels of
land, part of Chaptico manor; also several likely
negroes, with the stock and plantation utensils of
every kind on the above lands; lately the property
of Mess. Barnes and Ridgate.

The above will be sold at publick sale on the se-
veral days aforesaid, and twelve months credit will
be given to the purchasers, on giving bonds on in-
terest, with security, if required.

Also, to be sold at private sale, as soon as a pro-
per purchaser or purchasers shall offer, the following
parcels of goods at Mess. Barnes and Ridgate's stores
in Maryland, viz.

At Port-Tobacco, about £. 2300 cost.
At Newport, about 1600
At George-Town, about 2000

The terms of sale for the above goods will be
very advantageous to the buyer, and may be known
by applying to either of the subscribers, or to
Mr. Thomas Johns at George-Town; Mr. Joseph
Gwinn at Newport; or Mr. Zephaniah Turner at
Port-Tobacco.

JOHN ROGERS,
THOMAS STONE,
PHILIP R. FENDALL, Trustees for
Mess. Barnes
and Ridgate.

THE subscriber having declined the business of
store keeping for some time, begs leave to re-
quest all persons that have dealings with him to set-
tle their accounts without loss of time, otherwise he
will be obliged to take such steps as the law directs.
He has still on hand about £. 300 sterling cost of
goods, which he will sell upon reasonable terms,
and may be seen at Mr. Aikman's store, next door
to Mr. Joshua Frazier's. Also a neat phaeton with
compleat harness.

COLIN CAMPBELL.
N. B. Attendance will be given at Mr. Frazier's.

POETS CORNER.

AN ODE

INSCRIB'D TO MISS STORER.

GENIUS of harmony! descend,
In all thy smiles appear,
And, pleas'd, thy STORER's voice attend;
For her's thou lov'st to hear:
Bid ev'ry ruder sound remove,
Bid care, bid sorrow fly,
Let nought be near, but lift'ning love,
And heart-felt ecstacy,

For now thy STORER wakes the lay—
And, mistress of the heart,
Does, with our yielding passions play,
Submissive to her art.
'Tis her's to lead the mind along,
With love's own adors warm;
Her's, all the various pow'rs of song;
All music's magic charm.

This portion of th' æthereal flame,
This high-wrought charm, is giv'n
To those alone of finer frame,
The favourites of heav'n.
For sure, it asks celestial art,
And all the Seraph's skill,
To rule th' emotions of the heart,
Or fix the wav'ring will.

As on the banks of Nile's fam'd stream,
Old Memnon's lyre renown'd,
Touch'd by the sun's enliv'ning beam,
Return'd a tuneful sound:
So warm'd by some diviner ray,
Some emanation bright
Of harmony, fair STORER's lay
Thus pains us with delight.

While now she wakes that living lay,
And fills th' enraptur'd soul,
I feel my beating heart obey,
And own her lost controul.
Sweet Harmonist! prolong the strain
The melody of heav'n;
And soothe with songs, the tender pain,
Thy tender songs have giv'n—

PHILOMELUS.

August 31, 1773.

STRAY'D or stolen out of the subscriber's lot late last night, a large light strawberry roan horse, with a thin mane and switch tail, his nose and face are mealy, is shod before, his brand unknown; his ears in particular are very dark, paces, trots and gallops. Whoever will secure said horse and give notice to the subscriber, shall have if taken in Anne-Arundel county ten shillings, and if in any other county one pistole, and if out of the province three pounds; and if stolen and the thief convicted thereof five pounds.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

To be sold to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house of the subscriber, living in Prince-George's county, on the third Monday in October next, (unless disposed of in the interim at private sale,) **P**ART of that very valuable tract of land, called Enfield Chase, lying in the county aforesaid, adjoining Bell-Air, and containing upwards of 560 acres, whereon are a negro quarter and three tobacco houses; it is situated very commodiously, being only 4 miles from Queen-Anne, 10 miles from Upper-Marlborough, 12 miles from Bladenburgh, and about 16 from Annapolis. The soil is exceedingly rich, and suitable to either planting or farming; it is well watered and affords the best of pasturage. There are about 30 acres of fine meadow already cleared, and as much more may be easily made. About half of the tract is woodland, and well set with timber; the remainder is in pasturage and cultivation, and under good fence. Its beauty and fertility would be best discovered by a view of it: in a word, it would make a delightful country seat for any gentleman inclinable to purchase one. The terms and title (which is indisputable) may be known, and the land seen at any time between this and the day of public sale, by applying to

JOSEPH SPRIGG,

N. B. At the place and time aforesaid will be exposed to sale, about 60 head of cattle, 100 head of sheep, as many hogs, and sundry valuable horses.

RAN away from the subscriber, about 18 months ago, a lusty strong negro man named Hammet, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, his nose and upper lip grow closer together than common, owing to a hurt he had when a boy; he is supposed to frequent the quarters of Messrs. Edward Gantt and Samuel Parran in Calvert county, as he has a brother at each of those places. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to the subscriber living near Benedict-town on Patuxent river, shall receive a reward of five pounds currency from

JOHN FERRIE.

FREDERICK-TOWN RACES.

ON Wednesday the 20th of October will be run for, a subscription purse of FORTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, four years old to carry 7 stone 7 lb. five years old 8 stone, six years old 8 stone 7 lb. and aged 9 stone.

On THURSDAY the 21st.

A purse of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, (except the winning horse the preceding day) to carry weight for age and weight for size, according to the rules of racing. Judges will be appointed each day to determine all disputes that may arise. To start each day at 11 o'clock.

N. B. No horse that William Liams is concerned with will be allowed to start for either day.

Annapolis, Sept. 19, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber, last night about eight o'clock, an indentured servant man, named Thomas Hoskins, lately imported in the Lovely Kitty, Capt. Collwell Howard, is a bricklayer by trade, a stout well set man, about 28 years of age, pitted with the small-pox; wears his own hair, and is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; took with him a jacket and breeches of light coloured beafrkin, with osnabrig lining; he took also a new felt hat, a red striped under jacket, dark blue yarn stockings, and copper buckles; he has a discharge from the army in the name of John Holloway, and without doubt will go by that name; he says he has a brother in Philadelphia, and 'tis supposed will make that way; 'tis thought he has a forged pass. Whoever takes up the said servant and delivers him to the subscriber, or secures him in any jail so that he may get him again, shall receive five pounds reward, besides what the law allows.

WILLIAM BUCKLAND.

Chester-town, Kent county, Sept. 25.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Saturday the 5th of June last, a convict servant man named James Lewis, by country an Englishman, aged about 45 years, talks hoarse, much in the west country dialect; he is about 5 feet 3 inches high, round shouldered, stoops in his walk, has a down look, and is of a swarthy dark complexion, and has short dark hair. Had on and took with him two osnabrig shirts, two pair of osnabrig trousers, a mixed coloured fearnought over jacket, a black and white country cloth under jacket, a new felt hat, a pair of black worsted knit breeches, and a pair of country made shoes almost new. He has been near five years in the country, and understands farming and driving an ox team pretty well. He went in company with Mary Phillips the wife of John Phillips, and pretend to be man and wife. Mary Phillips had with her a male child about 10 months old, she is middle sized, round shouldered, has light coloured hair, thin sharp visage, pale complexion, and fair skin; it is thought they are gone over the Bay to the back settlements. Whoever takes up and secures the aforesaid servant man in any jail, so that the subscriber may get him again, shall have 5 pounds reward and if brought home reasonable charges besides the above reward, paid by

THOMAS SMYTH.

Prince-George's county, September 10, 1773.

To be sold, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 9th day of November next, and continued three days, for sterling cash, or good London bills of exchange,

A VERY valuable and most approved tract of land, whereon I now live, containing 404 acres, joining Nottingham town, on Patuxent river; whereon is a good dwelling-house, 28 by 36 feet, three story high, with a very good kitchen, stables, and corn-houses, with several other out-houses, &c. in very good repair. The land is fit for either planting or farming, the soil remarkable good for either; likewise a fine warf may be made at a very little expence, with an exceeding fine range and pasture for stock, an extraordinary fine marsh, containing 40 acres. Any person inclinable to purchase may view the land, by applying to me on the premises, as I shall attend every day till the day of sale for that purpose. An undoubted title will be made to the purchaser.

ts

JAMES FRY.

I AM desired by a friend to offer to public sale at the next Nov. court in Frederick-Town, at the time when I am to sell the land conveyed to me by William Hilleary, a tract of land on Seneca, called Fork Grubby Hill, containing 305 acres in woods. This land is near the White Grounds, and is open to as good a range as any in the county. There is a fine place for a mill on it, with abundance of timber convenient thereto. I am also instructed to say, that there are 14 or 15 acres of fine meadow land, and two pieces of good level high ground, about 50 acres in each, separated by a small rising of poor land, from which I conclude, that by placing the buildings on that small rising, clearing the two pieces of 50 acres each, and improving the meadow, such a stock might be wintered as would soon make it valuable for a small force, as the cattle usually come in fat at the fall. And as I expect that industrious men from St. Mary's county, who have laid up money during the late good times, and are tired of paying rent, will be bidders, therefore credit will be given for all the purchase money but ninety pounds sterling.

RICHARD HENDERSON.

Bladenburg, Sept. 29, 1773.

INTEND to go to England this Fall, therefore all persons indebted to me, and those who have any claims against me, are hereby desired to come and settle their accounts with

FRANCIS HATFIELD.

To be sold by the subscriber in Bladenburgh, **A** VALUABLE tract of land, lying in Frederick county, about ten miles above Bladenburgh, and near the same distance from George-Town, containing 300 acres, well improved, with a good dwelling house, kitchen, quarter, tobacco house, corn house, stables, and a good garden well paled in, with very large apple, peach, and cherry orchards. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms and view the land by applying to

w4

WILLIAM MURDOCK

THE subscriber having lately purchased a tract of land, nearer and more convenient to him, will sell or rent on reasonable terms, several adjoining tracts of land, which form one very complete body of 1800 acres, lying on the head of Red Lion and Beaver Dam branches in Queen-Anne's county, convenient to church and mill, within 8 miles of the head of Chester river, where there is a constant cash market for every kind of grain, seven miles from a tobacco warehouse on the said river, and 22 miles from a landing on Delaware bay. These lands extend to a place known by the name of the Beaver Dam Causeway, a very publick situation for any kind of business, there being from thence main roads leading to Chester-Town, Head of Chester, Dover, and Hopper's mill, formerly Dockery's. They are capable of great improvement, and much having been already done in that way, they would be immediately profitable either to tenant or purchaser, and having full 300 acres of fine meadow grounds that may be drained at a small expence, and some of which are already well improved, a plenty of fine timber, and all the advantages of raising stock that an excellent range can afford, it is almost unnecessary to point out the future value of them to the publick, who are well acquainted with the continuing rise of landed property. They will be disposed of together or in parcels, as will best suit purchasers or tenants, and if other terms can be agreed on, purchasers may have a long day of payment on paying interest. Those who may incline to buy or rent, will please apply to

tf

THOMAS RINGGOLD.

I want as a clerk, to whom I will give good wages, a person who writes a good hand, understands book-keeping, and can be well recommended for his honesty and diligent attention to business.

THE sale of the lands advertised in this Gazette, No. 1453, to be on the 22d inst. is put off till the 23d of October, (on account of the sitting of the provincial court) when they will certainly be sold to the highest bidder, at the House of John Holley, on the premises, for sterling or current money, by

Sept. 1773.

ZACH. MACCUBBIN.

To be sold by the subscriber, on the premises, at public vendue, on the 18th of October, 1773.

A TRACT of Land called Wallingsford Purchase, containing 142 acres, lying in Prince-George's county, on Cat-tail branch, within four miles of Bladenburgh; the soil is good either for planting or farming; the sale to begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

w3

JAMES WALLINGSFORD.

Lately imported, and to be sold by the subscriber at Bladenburg, by wholesale or in single packages,

A PARCEL of German osnabrigs and rolls, coarse woollens, consisting of bed blankets, dufil blankets, broad and narrow clothes, dufil, Bath coating and shalloon; also a parcel of faddlery and cutlery, and a small quantity of linen handkerchiefs.

w4

ROBERT DICK.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Westmoreland county, Virginia, two white men servants, viz. William Walker, alias Smith, a convict, who came in, in 1771, in the Scarsdale, Capt. Reid, by trade a gardener; he is a slim made man, five feet nine or ten inches high, brown complexion, blue eyes, blackish hair, has a remarkable swing in his walk, a coarse voice and a cough; he had with him, kersey and cotton jackets and breeches, white, check, and osnabrig shirts; he likes drink, and has been severely whipped before a magistrate: this is the third time he has run away; as he had sailors cloaths with him he will attempt to pass for a sailor. Thomas Puttrell, an indentured servant, (who came in last April, in the Liberty, Capt. Raifon) a truncky well made man, fair complexion, brown hair, which curls in his neck, a round face, hazle eyes, speaks quick, a butcher by trade, understands gardening and farming; he has been fourteen months on board a man of war; he has a butcher's steel and knife, and wears quilts in his hat; he had with him, a brown cloth coat, second mourning jacket, black breeches, white, check, and osnabrig shirts, and some money; he will attempt to pass for a sailor; and I hear they intend to Baltimore and Philadelphia. Whoever apprehend the aforesaid servants, and secures them in a jail, so that I get them, shall receive a reward of five pounds Virginia currency for each of them.

tf

RICHARD LEE.